

A 100 g aluminum calorimeter contains 250 g of water. The two substances are in thermal equilibrium at 10°C. Two metallic blocks are placed in the water. One is a 50 g piece of copper at 66°C. The other sample has a mass of 78 g and is originally at a temperature of 100°C. The entire system stabilizes at a final temperature of 20°C. Determine the specific heat of the unknown second sample

Specific heat of aluminum = 0.897 J / g degC.

Heat gained by calorimeter = $100 \text{ g} \times 10 \text{ degC} \times 0.897 \text{ J/g degC} = 897 \text{ J}$

Specific heat of water = 4.18 J / g degC.

Heat gained by water = $250 \text{ g} \times 10 \text{ degC} \times 4.18 \text{ J/g degC} = 10450 \text{ J}$

Specific heat of copper = 0.385 J / g degC.

Heat loss by copper block = $50 \text{ g} \times (66 - 10) \text{ degC} \times 0.385 \text{ J/g degC} = 1078 \text{ J}$

Let specific heat of unknown block be $x \text{ J / g degC}$.

Heat loss by unknown block = $78 \text{ g} \times (100 - 10) \text{ degC} \times x \text{ J/g degC} = 7020x \text{ J}$

Heat gain = Heat loss

$$897 + 10450 = 1078 + 7020x$$

$$7020x = 10269$$

$$x \approx 1.463$$

Specific heat of unknown substance is 1.463 J / g degC.